1. Description

This product is for research use only.

Components

5 vials, containing:

2 vials of Enzyme D (lyophilized powder)
1 vial of Enzyme R (lyophilized powder)
1 vial of Enzyme A (lyophilized powder)
1 mL of Buffer A

Size

For 50 digestions.

The specified number of digestions is valid when digesting a tumor in a range of 0.04–1 g following the protocol in chapter 2.2.

Storage

Upon arrival immediately store all components at 2–8 °C. Reconstitute all components before the date indicated on the kit box label. For information about reconstitution and storage after reconstitution of the lyophilized components refer to chapter 2.1.

1.1 Principle of the Tumor Dissociation Kit

Tumor tissues can be dissociated into single-cell suspensions by combining mechanical dissociation with enzymatic degradation of the extracellular matrix, which maintains the structural integrity of tissues.

The tumor tissue is enzymatically digested using the kit components and the gentleMACS™ Dissociators are used for the mechanical dissociation steps. After dissociation, the sample is applied to a filter to remove any remaining larger particles from the single-cell suspension.

Cells should be processed immediately for downstream applications, such as cell separation, cell culture, cellular or molecular analyses.

1.2 Background information

The Tumor Dissociation Kit, mouse has been developed for the gentle, rapid, and effective generation of single-cell suspensions from implanted mouse tumor tissue. It is optimized for a high yield of tumor cells and tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs), while preserving cell surface epitopes. For detailed information about marker preservation, please contact Technical Support at macstec@miltenyibiotec.com.

Dissociated cells can be subsequently cultured or isolated using MACS® Technology. Furthermore, the single-cell suspension can be analyzed in vitro for phenotype distributions, and other functional, genetic, or proteomic studies performed.

1.3 Applications

- Dissociation of tumor tissue into single-cell suspensions for subsequent cell separations using MACS Technology.
- Cultivation of tumor cell or TIL populations.
- Phenotyping or enumeration of tumor cell or TIL populations by flow cytometry or fluorescence microscopy.

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

- RPMI 1640 (# 130-091-440) or DMEM (# 130-091-437)
- (Optional) Red Blood Cell Lysis Solution (10×) (# 130-094-183)
- MACS SmartStrainers (70 µm) (# 130-098-462)
- MACSmix™ Tube Rotator (# 130-090-753) in combination with an incubator at 37 °C.
- gentleMACS Dissociator (# 130-093-235), gentleMACS Octo Dissociator (# 130-095-937), or gentleMACS Octo Dissociator with Heaters (# 130-096-427)
- gentleMACS C Tubes (# 130-093-237, # 130-096-334)
- (Optional) MACS Tissue Storage Solution (# 130-100-008)
- (Optional) ART® 1000 REACH™ pipet tips (Molecular BioProducts, Inc.) for removal of dissociated material from the closed C Tubes.

2. Protocols

▲ For details on the use of the gentleMACS Dissociators, refer to the gentleMACS Dissociator user manuals.

▲ For cell culture experiments subsequent to tissue dissociation, all steps should be performed under sterile conditions.

▲ Tumor tissue in a range of 0.04–1 g is dissociated in a volume of approximately 2.5 mL enzyme mix.

▲ Operate MACSmix Tube Rotator with continuous rotation at a speed of approximately 12 rpm.
2.1 Reagent preparation

1. Prepare Enzyme D by reconstitution of the lyophilized powder in each vial with 3 mL of RPMI 1640 or DMEM. Prepare aliquots of appropriate volume to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Store aliquots at -20 °C. This solution is stable for 6 months after reconstitution. For cell culture experiments subsequent to tissue dissociation, Enzyme D should be sterile filtered prior to aliquoting.

2. Prepare Enzyme R by reconstitution of the lyophilized powder in the vial with 2.7 mL RPMI 1640 or DMEM. Prepare aliquots of appropriate volume to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Store aliquots at -20 °C. This solution is stable for 6 months after reconstitution.

3. Prepare Enzyme A by reconstitution of the lyophilized powder in the vial with 1 mL of Buffer A supplied with the kit. Do not vortex. Prepare aliquots of appropriate volume to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Store aliquots at -20 °C. This solution is stable for 6 months after reconstitution.

2.2 Tumor dissociation protocols

2.2.1 Dissociation of soft and medium tumors

▲ For example, dissociation of melanoma (induced by B16 cell line) or colon (induced by CT26 cell line) tumors.

1. Prepare enzyme mix by adding 2.35 mL of RPMI 1640 or DMEM, 100 µL of Enzyme D, 50 µL of Enzyme R, and 12.5 µL of Enzyme A into a gentleMACS C Tube.

2. Cut the tumor into small pieces of 2–4 mm.

3. Transfer the tissue into the gentleMACS C Tube containing the enzyme mix.

4. Tightly close C Tube and attach it upside down onto the sleeve of the gentleMACS Dissociator.

▲ Note: It has to be ensured that the sample material is located in the area of the rotor/stator.

5. Run the gentleMACS Program m_impTumor_02.

If using the heating function of the gentleMACS Octo Dissociator with Heaters run program 37C_m_TDK_1 and continue with step 10.

6. After termination of the program, detach C Tube from the gentleMACS Dissociator.

7. Incubate sample for 40 minutes at 37°C with continuous rotation using the MACSmix Tube Rotator.

8. Attach C Tube upside down onto the sleeve of the gentleMACS Dissociator.

▲ Note: It has to be ensured that the sample material is located in the area of the rotor/stator.

9. Run the gentleMACS Program m_impTumor_03 twice.

10. (Optional) After termination of the program, detach C Tube from the gentleMACS Dissociator and perform a short spin up to 300 x g to collect the sample at the bottom of the tube.

11. Resuspend sample and apply the cell suspension to a MACS SmartStrainer (70 µm) placed on a 15 mL tube.

▲ Note: Dissociated tissue can be removed from the closed C Tube by pipetting through the septum-sealed opening in the center of the cap of the C Tube. Use ART 1000 REACH 1000 µL pipette tips.

12. Wash MACS SmartStrainer (70 µm) with 10 mL of RPMI 1640 or DMEM.

13. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300 x g for 7 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.

14. Resuspend cells with an appropriate buffer to the required volume for further applications.

15. (Optional) To remove erythrocytes or dead cells, use Red Blood Cell Lysis Solution (10x) (# 130-094-183), or perform a density gradient centrifugation step.

2.2.2 Dissociation of tough tumors

▲ For example, dissociation of breast (induced by 4T1 cell line) or lung (induced by TCI cell line) tumors.

1. Prepare enzyme mix by adding 2.35 mL of RPMI 1640 or DMEM, 100 µL of Enzyme D, 50 µL of Enzyme R, and 12.5 µL of Enzyme A into a gentleMACS C Tube.

2. Cut the tumor into small pieces of 2–4 mm.

3. Transfer the tissue into the gentleMACS C Tube containing the enzyme mix.

4. Tightly close C Tube and attach it upside down onto the sleeve of the gentleMACS Dissociator.

▲ Note: It has to be ensured that the sample material is located in the area of the rotor/stator.

5. Run the gentleMACS Program m_impTumor_02.

If using the heating function of the gentleMACS Octo Dissociator with Heaters run program 37C_m_TDK_2 and continue with step 10.

6. After termination of the program, detach C Tube from the gentleMACS Dissociator.

7. Incubate sample for 40 minutes at 37°C with continuous rotation using the MACSmix Tube Rotator.

8. Attach C Tube upside down onto the sleeve of the gentleMACS Dissociator.

▲ Note: It has to be ensured that the sample material is located in the area of the rotor/stator.

9. Run the gentleMACS Program m_impTumor_03 twice.

10. (Optional) Some larger pieces of tissue may remain. To further increase the cell yield allow the remaining tissue to settle and remove 1.5 mL of the supernatant to a fresh tube. Insert the C Tube with the remaining tissue pieces onto the sleeve of the gentleMACS Dissociator and run program m_impTumor_01. Combine the resulting cell suspension with the previously removed supernatant.

11. (Optional) After termination of the program, detach C Tube from the gentleMACS Dissociator and perform a short spin up to 300 x g to collect the sample at the bottom of the tube.

12. Resuspend sample and apply the cell suspension to a MACS SmartStrainer (70 µm) placed on a 15 mL tube.

▲ Note: Dissociated tissue can be removed from the closed C Tube by pipetting through the septum-sealed opening in the center of the cap of the C Tube. Use ART 1000 REACH 1000 µL pipette tips.

13. Wash MACS SmartStrainer (70 µm) with 10 mL of RPMI 1640 or DMEM.
14. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300×g for 7 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.

15. Resuspend cells with an appropriate buffer to the required volume for further applications.

16. (Optional) To remove erythrocytes or dead cells, use Red Blood Cell Lysis Solution (10×) (# 130-094-183), or perform a density gradient centrifugation step.

All protocols and data sheets are available at www.miltenyibiotec.com.

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