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1. Description

Components	1 mL Biotin-Antibody Cocktail, mouse: Cocktail of monoclonal antibodies against CD43 (Ly48) (isotype: rat IgG2a), CD4 (L3T4) (isotype: rat IgG2b), and Ter-119 (isotype: rat IgG2b).
	2 mL Anti-Biotin MicroBeads: MicroBeads conjugated to a monoclonal anti-biotin antibody (isotype: mouse IgG1).
Capacity	For 10 ⁹ total cells.
Product format	The Biotin-Antibody Cocktail and the Anti-Biotin MicroBeads are supplied in buffer containing stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.
Storage	Store protected from light at 2–8 °C. Do not freeze. The expiration date is indicated on the vial label.

1.1 Principle of the MACS® Separation

Using the B Cell Isolation Kit, mouse B cells are isolated by depletion of non-B cells. Non-B cells are indirectly magnetically labeled with a cocktail of biotin-conjugated monoclonal antibodies, as primary labeling reagent, and anti-biotin monoclonal antibodies conjugated to MicroBeads, as secondary labeling reagent. In between both labeling steps no washing steps are required. The magnetically labeled non-B cells are depleted by retaining them within a MACS® Column in the magnetic field of a MACS Separator, while the unlabeled B cells run through the column.

1.2 Background information

The B Cell Isolation Kit has been developed for the isolation of untouched B cells from mouse spleen or lymph nodes. Non-B cells, i.e., T cells, NK cells, dendritic cells, macrophages, granulocytes, and erythroid cells, are indirectly magnetically labeled by using a

cocktail of biotin-conjugated antibodies against CD43 (Ly-48), CD4 (L3T4), and Ter-119, and Anti-Biotin MicroBeads. Isolation of highly pure B cells is achieved by depletion of magnetically labeled cells.

1.3 Applications

- Functional studies on B cells in which effects due to antibody-cross-linking of cell surface proteins should be avoided.
- Studies on signal requirements for B cell activation, induction of B cell proliferation, differentiation of B cells, etc.
- Studies on signal transduction in B cells.

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

- **Buffer:** Prepare a solution containing phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA), and 2 mM EDTA by diluting MACS BSA Stock Solution (# 130-091-376) 1:20 with autoMACS™ Rinsing Solution (# 130-091-222). Keep buffer cold (2–8 °C). Degas buffer before use, as air bubbles could block the column.
 ▲ **Note:** EDTA can be replaced by other supplements such as anticoagulant citrate dextrose formula-A (ACD-A) or citrate phosphate dextrose (CPD). BSA can be replaced by other proteins such as mouse serum albumin, mouse serum, or fetal bovine serum. Buffers or media containing Ca²⁺ or Mg²⁺ are not recommended for use.
- **MACS Columns and MACS Separators:** Choose the appropriate MACS Separator and MACS Columns according to the number of labeled cells and to the number of total cells.

Column	Max. number of labeled cells	Max. number of total cells	Separator
MS	10 ⁷	2×10 ⁸	MiniMACS, OctoMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS
LS	10 ⁸	2×10 ⁹	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS
autoMACS	2×10 ⁸	4×10 ⁹	autoMACS, autoMACS Pro

▲ **Note:** Column adapters are required to insert certain columns into the VarioMACS™ or SuperMACS™ Separators. For details see the respective MACS Separator data sheet.

- (Optional) Fluorochrome-conjugated antibody for flow cytometric analysis, e.g., CD45R (B220)-PE (# 130-091-828) and Anti-Biotin-APC (# 130-090-856) or CD3ε-APC (# 130-092-977). For more information about other fluorochrome conjugates see www.miltenyibiotec.com.
- (Optional) Propidium Iodide Solution (# 130-093-233) or 7-AAD for flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101) for the depletion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Pre-Separation Filters (# 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps.

2. Protocol

2.1 Sample preparation

Prepare a single-cell suspension from spleen of lymph nodes using standard methods. For details see the General Protocols section of the respective separator user manual. The General Protocols are also available at www.miltenyibiotec.com/protocols.

▲ Dead cells may bind non-specifically to MACS MicroBeads. To remove dead cells, we recommend using density gradient centrifugation or the Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101).



2.2 Magnetic labeling

▲ Work fast, keep cells cold, and use pre-cooled solutions. This will prevent capping of antibodies on the cell surface and non-specific cell labeling.

▲ Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for up to 10^7 total cells. When working with fewer than 10^7 cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes accordingly (e.g. for 2×10^7 total cells, use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).

▲ For optimal performance it is important to obtain a single-cell suspension before magnetic separation. Pass cells through 30 μ m nylon mesh (Pre-Separation Filters, # 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps which may clog the column. Wet filter with buffer before use.

▲ The recommended incubation temperature is 2–8 °C. Working on ice may require increased incubation times. Higher temperatures and/or longer incubation times may lead to non-specific cell labeling.

1. Determine cell number.
2. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300 \times g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
3. Resuspend cell pellet in 40 μ L of buffer per 10^7 total cells.
4. Add 10 μ L of the Biotin-Antibody Cocktail per 10^7 total cells.
5. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
6. Add 30 μ L of buffer per 10^7 total cells.
7. Add 20 μ L of Anti-Biotin MicroBeads per 10^7 total cells.
8. Mix well and incubate for an additional 15 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
9. Wash cells by adding 1–2 mL of buffer per 10^7 cells and centrifuge at 300 \times g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
10. Resuspend up to 10^8 cells in 500 μ L of buffer.
▲ **Note:** For higher cell numbers, scale up buffer volume accordingly.
11. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.3).



2.3 Magnetic separation

▲ Choose an appropriate MACS Column and MACS Separator according to the number of total cells and the number of labeled cells. For details see table in section 1.4.

Magnetic separation with MS or LS Columns

1. Place column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details see the respective MACS Column data sheet.
2. Prepare column by rinsing with the appropriate amount of buffer:
MS: 500 μ L LS: 3 mL
3. Apply cell suspension onto the column.
4. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and wash column with the appropriate amount of buffer. Collect total effluent; this is the unlabeled cell fraction. Perform washing steps by adding buffer three times. Only add new buffer when the column reservoir is empty.
MS: 3 \times 500 μ L LS: 3 \times 3 mL
5. (Optional) Remove column from the separator and place it on a suitable collection tube. Pipette an appropriate amount of buffer onto the column. Immediately flush out the magnetically labeled cells by firmly pushing the plunger into the column. This fraction represents the magnetically labeled non-B cells.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS™ Separator or the autoMACS™ Pro Separator

▲ Refer to the respective user manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS™ Separator or the autoMACS Pro Separator.

▲ Buffers used for operating the autoMACS Separator or the autoMACS Pro Separator should have a temperature of ≥ 10 °C.

▲ Program choice depends on the isolation strategy, the strength of magnetic labeling, and the frequency of magnetically labeled cells. For details refer to the section describing the cell separation programs in the respective user manual.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS™ Separator

1. Prepare and prime the instrument.
2. Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube at the uptake port and the fraction collection tubes at port neg1 and port pos1.
3. For a standard separation choose the following program:
Depletion: “Deplete”
Collect negative fraction from outlet port neg1.

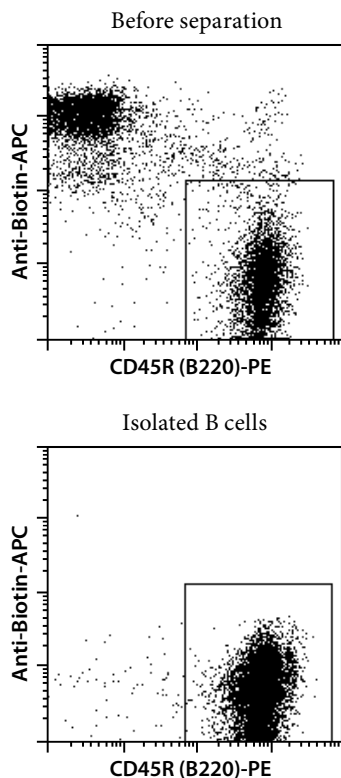
Magnetic separation with the autoMACS™ Pro Separator

1. Prepare and prime the instrument.
2. Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube in row A of the tube rack and the fraction collection tubes in rows B and C.
3. For a standard separation choose the following program:
Depletion: “Deplete”
Collect negative fraction in row B of the tube rack.

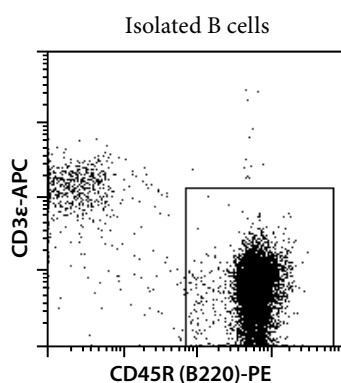
3. Example of a separation using the B Cell Isolation Kit

Untouched B cells were isolated from mouse spleen (a) and lymph node (b) cell suspensions using the B Cell Isolation Kit, an LS Column, and a MidiMACS™ Separator. Cells are fluorescently stained with CD45R (B220)-PE (# 130-091-828) and Anti-Biotin-APC (# 130-090-856) or CD3ε-APC (# 130-092-977), respectively. Cell debris and dead cells are excluded from the analysis based on scatter signals and propidium iodide fluorescence.

(a) Example using spleen cells



(b) Example using lymph node cells



All protocols and data sheets are available at www.miltenyibiotec.com.

Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

Warranty

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